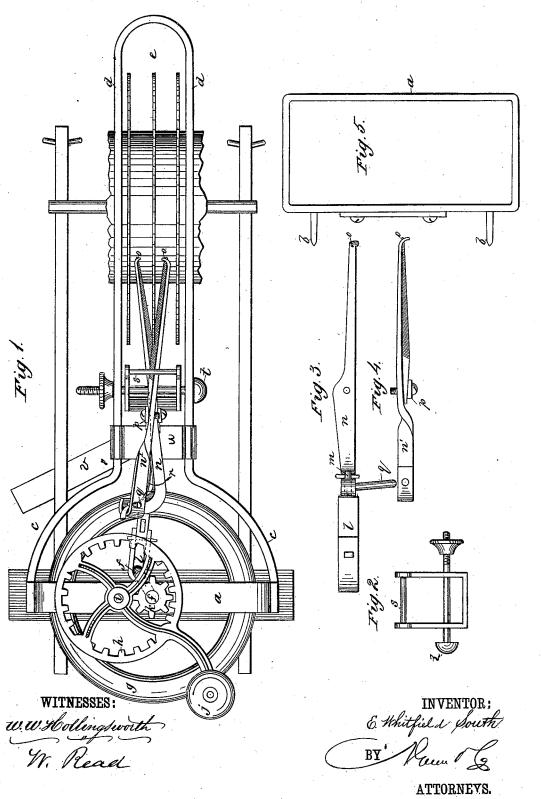
E. W. SOUTH.

MACHINE FOR FILING GIN SAWS.

No. 254,400.

Patented Feb. 28, 1882.



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MACHINE FOR FILING GIN-SAWS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 254,400, dated February 28, 1882. Application filed November 1, 1881. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ELIAS WHITFIELD South, of Anderson Court-House, in the county of Anderson and State of South Carolina, have invented a new and Improved Gin-Saw-Filing Machine; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this 10 specification, in which-

Figure 1 is a plan view of my improved ginsaw-filing machine, and Figs. 2, 3, 4, and 5 are

detail views of the same.

My invention relates to gin-saw-filing ma-15 chines; and it consists in the peculiar construction and arrangement of the parts, as hereinafter more fully set forth.

In the accompanying drawings, a represents a vertical rectangular frame, provided with 20 pointed pins b, projecting from its under part, adapted to catch in a plank to hold the machine steady while the files are operated.

ce represent two curved arms, bolted at their ends to the upright arms of the rectangular 25 frame a, opposite each other, and forming nearly a semicircle, and provided at their outer ends with two parallel straight arms, dd, with a slot, e, between them for the introduction of several of the saws of the saw-cylinder to be 30 sharpened, the latter being removed from the gin-frame and supported horizontally on trestles or in other suitable manner. The outer ends of the arms d are curved and joined together, as shown in the drawings.

f represents a cranked shaft journaled in the parallel horizontal sides of the frame a, and provided with a fly-wheel, g, of the usual con-

struction.

h represents an interiorly-geared wheel jour-40 naled on a short vertical shaft, i, projecting from the upper horizontal bar of the frame a, and provided with a handle, j, by means of which a rotary motion is imparted to the gearwheel h, which meshes with a small pinion, k, 45 fast on the upper end of the crank-shaft f, and

imparts a rapid rotary motion to the latter. l represents a short pitman journaled to the crank of the crank-shaft f in the usual manner. The outer end of the pitman l is pro-50 vided with a journal, m, which passes through file-holder, n, and is secured thereto by a pin or other suitable device. The lower file-holder, n, is curved at its outer end and provided with a hole, o, for the reception of the outer end of 55 a three-cornered file, the latter lying against the holder and secured to it near its rear end by means of a cap, p, provided with a hole, through which a screw passes and thence through a hole in the lower file-holder. By 60 this construction a file may readily be inserted or removed, when desired. The inner curved end of the lower file-holder, n, is provided with a projecting pin, q, which passes through opposite holes in the curved rear end of the 65 upper file-holder, n', which is constructed in a similar manner to the lower file-holder, and carries a file secured thereto in the same manner as described for the lower file-holder. It will be seen that by this construction the up- 70 per file-holder is pivoted or hinged to the lower holder at its rear curved end, and that the files cross each other.

r represents a flat or other spring, the rear end of which is inserted between the pin q and 75 the bent end of the upper file-holder, $n^{\bar{l}}$, the opposite end of the spring r bearing against the lower file-holder, n, whereby the files are kept pressed together when in operation.

s represents a loose guide for the file-holders, 80 consisting of an angular piece of metal of the form of a staple provided with a roller in its upper end and pivoted between the arms d by the bolt t, the file-holders passing through the loose guide.

u represents a strap secured to one or both of the arms d, and provided with a stirrup or treadle, v, at its lower end to hold the machine

down to its work.

The operation of the machine is as follows: 90 The saw-cylinder to be sharpened is removed from the gin and supported horizontally on trestles, or in any other suitable manner, a plank being laid across the trestles on one side of the saw-cylinder for the support of the ma- 95 chine on which the frame a rests, the pins on the under side of the latter catching in the plank and holding the machine in position, with several saws projecting through the slot between the arms. The handle is then turned 100 and the ends of the files made to embrace a a hole in the curved inner end of the lower | tooth of the gin-saw to be filed. The treadlestrap is then tightened and power applied, when a rapid reciprocating and vibratory motion is imparted to the files filing the tooth on both sides, the gin-saw being held stationary during the filing of a tooth by the strap and treadle v. When a tooth is sufficiently filed the pressure of the foot on the treadle is lessened, when the forward and vibratory movement of the files grasping the saw turns it one tooth, the pressure on the saw-cylinder being lessened. The pressure of the foot on the treadle is then increased, holding the saw stationary, and a second tooth is filed, and so on for the remainder.

It will be seen that in my construction no special device is requisite to move the saw-cylinder a tooth after a tooth has been filed, the reciprocating and vibratory movement of the files moving the saw-cylinder one tooth, when the pressure on the saw-cylinder is lessened, thus constituting an automatic take-up.

What I claim as new is—

The combination, with the file-holders n n', provided with a spring, r, pressing the files together, and pivoted to each other at their inner ends and crossing each other, and operated by mechanism, substantially as described, to impart a reciprocating and vibratory motion to the files, of the frame a c d, substantially as described, and for the purpose set forth.

2. The combination, with the file-holders n n', provided with a spring, r, and pivoted to

each other at their inner ends, and operated by mechanism, substantially as described, of the 35 frame *a c d*, pivoted guide *s*, and strap *u*, provided with a stirrup or treadle, *v*, substantially as described, and for the purpose set forth.

3. The combination, with the file-holders n 40 n', pivoted to each other at their inner ends, crossing each other, and provided with a spring, r, of the pitman l, crank-shaft f, and gears h k, whereby a reciprocating and vibratory movement is given the file-holders, substantially as described.

4. The combination of the file-holders n n', constructed as set forth, spring r, pitman l, crank-shaft f, gears h k, frame a c d, pivoted guide s, and strap u, provided with a stirrup 50 or treadle, substantially as described, and for

the purpose set forth.

5. The combination, with the lower file-holder, n, curved at its inner end, and provided with the pin q, and also with a hole, o, 55 at its curved outer end, of the upper file-holder, n', pivoted to the lower file-holder at its inner end, and provided with a hole at its bent outer end, spring r, pressing the files together, and caps p, removably secured to the 60 file-holders, substantially as described, and for the purpose described.

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Witnesses:

Solon C. Kemon, Chas. A. Pettit.